NEATH PORT TALBOT COUNTY BOROUGH COUNCIL

Community Safety and Public Protection Scrutiny Sub Committee

19th April 2018

JOINT REPORT OF
THE HEAD OF PLANNING AND PUBLIC PROTECTION – N. PEARCE
THE HEAD OF PROPERTY AND REGENERATION – S. BRENNAN
THE HEAD OF COMMISSIONING AND SUPPORT SERVICES ANGELA THOMAS
THE PRINCIPAL OFFICER FOR COMMUNITY SAFETY- S.MORRIS

Matter for Monitoring

Wards Affected: ALL

PERFORMANCE INDICATORS FOR QUARTER 3 OF 2017/18

1 Quarterly Performance Management Data 2017-2018 – Quarter 3 Performance (1st April – 31st December 2017)

Purpose of the Report

To report quarter 3 performance management data for the period 1st April to 31st Dec 2017. This will enable the Scrutiny Members to discharge their functions in relation to performance management.

Executive Summary

In line with the Council's six improvement priorities embedded within the Corporate Improvement Plan, Environment scrutinise performance within Economic Development, Planning, Building Control and Asset Management. On the whole performance demonstrates improvement in line with what we planned to deliver, with statutory deadlines being met.

Background

- The role of Scrutiny Committees was amended at the Annual Meeting of Council in May 2010 to reflect the changes introduced by the Local Government (Wales) Measure 2009; Environment will:
- Scrutinise the performance of all services and the extent to which services are continuously improving.
- Ensure performance measures are in place for each service and that the measures reflect what matters to local citizens.
- Promote innovation by challenging the status quo and encourage different ways of thinking and options for service delivery

Failure to produce a compliant report within the timescales can lead to non-compliance with our Constitution. Furthermore failure to have robust performance monitoring arrangements could result in poor performance going undetected.

Financial Impact

The performance described in the report is being delivered against a challenging financial background.

Equality Impact Assessment

6 None required.

Workforce Impacts

7 During 2016/17, the Environment Directorate saw a further downsizing of its workforce (by 7 employees) as it sought to deliver savings of 1.6 million in the year.

Legal Impacts

- 8 This progress report is prepared under:
 - 1. The Local Government (Wales) Measure 2009 and discharges the Council's duties to "make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the exercise of its functions".

 The Neath Port Talbot County Borough Council Constitution requires each cabinet committee to monitor quarterly budgets and performance in securing continuous improvement of all the functions within its purview.

Risk Management

9 Failure to produce a compliant report within the timescales can lead to non – compliance with our Constitution. Also failure to have robust performance monitoring arrangements could result in poor performance going undetected.

Consultation

10 No requirement to consult

Recommendations

11 Members monitor performance contained within this report.

Reasons for Proposed Decision

12 Matter for monitoring. No decision required.

Implementation of Decision

13 Matter for monitoring. No decision required.

Appendices

 Appendix 1 - Quarterly Performance Management Data 2017-2018 – Quarter 3 Performance (1st April to 31st Dec 2017) – APPENDIX 1

Appendix 2- Community Safety Service Report Card 2017-18

List of Background Papers

The Neath Port Talbot Corporate Improvement Plan - 2016/2019 "Rising to the Challenge";

https://www.npt.gov.uk/7340

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Quarterly Performance Management Data 2017-2018– Quarter 3 Performance (1st April to 31st Dec 2017)

Report Contents:

Section 1: Key Points

Section 2: Quarterly Performance Management Data and Performance

Key

Section 3: Compliments & Complaints Data

Section 1: Key Points

Planning

With the exception of indicators PLA/M001 – 'average time taken from receipt of application to validation of application - days' and PLA/M002 – 'average time taken from receipt of application to date decision is issued – days' – the Quarter 3 figures show improvement in all performance indicators compared against the same period in 2016/17.

While it will remain essential to focus on PLA/M001 and PLA/M002, as indicated in previous quarterly reports these figures have been skewed by a number of applications where applications have been "re-registered" for procedural reasons (thus significantly increasing the receipt – valid time) along with a number of very old applications having been "cleared out", having taken a number of years to determine. While necessary to include these in the overall average, omitting such applications significantly reduces the number of days, indicating that the service continues to register and determine applications expeditiously in the majority of cases, albeit there remains work to do to clear old cases from the system.

As indicated above, the overall picture of determination of applications is shown to be very positive compared with the same period last year. In addition to the 95.5% of applications which were determined 'in time' (which includes an agreed extension of time between the council and applicant), the increased focus on improving performance on major applications (PLA/M004) has also started to pay dividends in incrementally improved performance with 45% of major applications in the year to date determined inside 8 weeks.

Building Control

Both performance indicators show improvement from the same quarter in 2016/17.

Whilst BCT004 shows a minimal drop in performance from the preceding quarter (due to annual leave), it must be stressed that at no time have any statutory deadlines been missed.

Housing - Private Sector Renewal

Largely properties that are brought back into use are outside of the control of the service, for example, they are affected by external factors such as the local housing market. Performance indicator PSR/004 has been replaced by PAM/013 and guidance has clarified that only direct action taken by Local Authorities that results in long term empty properties being brought back into use is recorded.

The number of licenced Houses in Multiple Occupation (HMO) has reduced from 6 to 5. However, the percentage has dropped slightly due to an decrease in the number of HMO's that require a licence.

Public Protection

95.61% of food establishments were "broadly" compliant with food hygiene standards, being a slight increase on last year's performance within the same period which was 93.84%. The percentage of high risk businesses inspected for food hygiene is slightly lower (at 67%) than the same period last year (was 76%) - this is mainly due to other work of the section involving investigation of offending businesses taking precedence.

The percentage of high risk businesses that have been inspected by Trading Standards is higher than the same time last year 87.5% compared to 69.6%). The team that largely deals with the inspection programme is

currently working to achieve its proactive obligations whilst reactive demand is lower. Some investigations have begun as a result of these inspections, reflecting the risk of the business. This should not affect the section meeting the 100% target.

The majority of significant breaches associated with animal health have been rectified, but this has meant that there has been a drop in the number of high risk premises being inspected as resources have been allocated to complaints and investigations. It is anticipated that both figures will improve by the end of the financial year.

The percentage of identified new businesses which were subject to a food hygiene risk assessment visit is similar to that of last year. All businesses are coached and advised prior to the commencement of trading to help raise standards and attain legal compliance. The risk assessment inspection can only take place when the business is trading, therefore, there is always a lag period between food businesses becoming registered and actually having an unannounced inspection.

Economic Development

Throughout this financial year, the Team have had to deal with a high volume of enquiries, particularly from existing businesses looking for support to enable them to expand and grow. Many of these investments, once completed, will have a positive effect on the local economy as new private sector investment is secured to support the creation of new jobs and safeguard existing employment.

The Team are also working closely with the Port Talbot Waterfront Enterprise Zone Board to attract new investment and jobs to the area while providing support to many local businesses within the Tata supply chain affected by continuing uncertainties within the steel industry. The aim of this support is to help local businesses diversify and enter new markets to not only secure their future, but further promote economic growth. Outputs achieved to date are in the process of being confirmed and will be reported at the end of March 2018. This will have a positive effect on the final KPI's reported for the Economic Development service for 2017/18.

Through the South West Workways+ project, the Team is delivering training and paid work experience opportunities to long-term unemployed across the region to help them get their lives and those of their families back on track.

In addition, referrals from partners such as the Department of Works and Pensions and Welsh Government, is ensuring that individuals considering self-employment are being referred to the Council's Enterprise Club for valuable advice and guidance.

Asset Management

Local Authority buildings conditions and maintenance are annual indicators and will be reported during the quarter 4 period of 2017/18.

Section 2: Quarterly Performance Management Data and Performance Key

2017/2018 - Quarter 3 Performance (1st April 2017 - 31st Dec 2017)

Note: The following references are included in the table. Explanations for these are as follows:

(PAM) Public Accountability Measures – a revised set of national indicators for 2017/18. Following feedback from authorities the revised performance measurement framework was ratified at the WLGA (Welsh Local Government Association) Council on 31 March 2017. These measures provide an overview of local government performance and how it contributes to the national well-being goals. This information is required and reported nationally, validated, and published annually.

All Wales - The data shown in this column is the figure calculated using the base data supplied by all authorities for 2015/2016 i.e. an overall performance indicator value for Wales.

(Local) Local Performance Indicator set by the Council and also includes former national data sets (such as former National Strategic Indicators or Service Improvement Data – SID's) that continue to be collected and reported locally.

	Performance Key
©	Maximum Performance
↑	Performance has improved
\longleftrightarrow	Performance has been maintained
v	Performance is within 5% of previous year's performance
\	Performance has declined by 5% or more on previous year's performance - Where performance has declined by 5% or more for the period in comparison to the previous year, an explanation is provided directly below the relevant performance indicator.
_	No comparable data (data not suitable for comparison /no data available for comparison)
	No All Wales data available for comparison.
1 st - 6 th	2016/17 NPT performance in upper quartile (top six of 22 local authorities) in comparison with All Wales national published measures (NSI & PAM's).
7 th – 16 th	2016/17 NPT performance in mid quartiles (7th – 16th) in comparison with All Wales national published measures (NSI & PAM's).
17 th - 22 nd	2016/17 NPT performance in lower quartile (17th – 22nd) in comparison with All Wales national published measures (NSI & PAM's).

1. Planning and Regulatory Services – Planning

The percentage of minor planning applications

development determined during the year that

determined during the year within 8 weeks.

The percentage of applications for

were approved

PLA/004b

(Local)

PLA/002

(Local)

6

7

No	PI Reference	PI Description	NPT Actual 2015/16	NPT Actual 2016/17	All Wales 2015/16	NPT Quarter 3 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2017/18	Direction of Improvement
1	PLA/M002 (Local)	Average time taken from receipt of application to date decision is issued - days	96.1 days	85.8 days (69,442 over 809 applications)		84.7 days (49,816 total days – 588 determined applications)	93.9 days (58195 total days over 620 applications)	↓
2	PLA/M001 (Local)	Average time taken from receipt of application to validation of application - days	31.5 days	14.2 days (11,509 over 809 applications)		15.4 days (9,034 total days – 588 determined applications)	18.7 days (11591 total days over 620 applications)	↓
	As has been reported in previous quarters, although increasing from the previous year's figures, the receipt to validation figures (PLA/M001) together with the receipt to decision issued figures (PLA/M002) are both skewed by a number of very old applications, including a number where applications have been "re-registered" for procedural reasons (thus significantly increasing the receipt – valid time), which have distorted the overall figures and unfairly reflect the overall day to day performance. Consideration is to be given to the possibility of changing this to exclude re-registered applications going forward given that they distort overall performance.							
3	PLA/004d (Local)	The percentage of all other planning applications determined during the year within 8 weeks.	79%	77.5% (224 of 289 applications)		76.9% (160 of 208 applications)	82.2% (175 of 213 applications)	↑
4	PLA/M004 (Local)	The percentage of major planning applications determined during the year within 8 weeks.	16%	14.8% (4 of 27 applications)		14.3% (2 of 7 applications)	45.5% (5 of 11 applications)	↑
5	PLA/004c (Local)	The percentage of householder planning applications determined during the year within 8 weeks.	95.1%	95.3% (284 of 289 applications)		93.8% (210 of 224 applications)	97.3% (213 of 219 applications	<u></u>

66.1%

96.3%

63.1%

(123 of 195

applications)

97.3%

(787 of 809

applications)

57.7% (82 of

142

applications)

96.6% (568 of

588

applications)

82.5% (146

of 177

applications)

95% (589 of

620

applications)

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1. Planning and Regulatory Services – Planning (Cont.)

No	PI Reference	PI Description	NPT Actual 2015/16	NPT Actual 2016/17	AII Wales 2015/16	NPT Quarter 3 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2017/18	Direction of Improvement
8	PAM/018	Percentage of all planning applications determined in time				New Indicator	95.5% (592 of 620 applications)	_
9	PAM/019	Percentage of planning appeals dismissed				New Indicator	61.5% (8 of 13 appeals)	1

2. Planning and Regulatory Services – Building Control

No	PI Reference	PI Description	NPT Actual 2015/16	NPT Actual 2016/17	All Wales 2015/16	NPT Quarter 3 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2017/18	Direction of Improvement
10	BCT/007 (Local)	The percentage of 'full plan' applications approved first time.	99.02%	96.62% (143 of 148)		95.75%	98.28% (114 of 116)	↑
11	BCT/004 (Local)	Percentage of Building Control 'full plan' applications checked within 15 working days during the year.	95.12%	95.95% (142 of 148)		95.86%	96.55% (112 of 116)	↑

No	PI Reference	PI Description	NPT Actual 2015/16	NPT Actual 2016/17	All Wales 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2017/18	Direction of Improvement
12	PAM/013	The percentage of empty private properties brought back into use			8.79% 1st	Reporte	ed Annually	_
13	PAM/014	Number of new homes created as a result of bringing empty properties back into use				Reporte	ed Annually	_
14	PSR/007a	Of the 448 houses in multiple occupation known to the Local Authority, the percentage that: Have a full licence	1.35%	1.36%		1.34%	1.15% (5 of 448)	v
3. P	Planning a	nd Regulatory Services – Private Sector Re	enewal					
No	PI Reference	PI Description	NPT Actual 2015/16	NPT Actual 2016/17	All Wales 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2017/18	Direction of Improvement
15	PSR/007b	Of the 448 houses in multiple occupation known to the Local Authority, the percentage that: Have been issued with a licence with conditions attached	0%	0%		0%	0%	_
16	PSR/007c	Of the 448 houses in multiple occupation known to the Local Authority, the percentage that: Are	0%	0%		0%	0%	_

4. Housing - Private Sector Renewal

No.	PI Reference	PI Description	NPT Actual 2015/16	NPT Actual 2016/17	All Wales 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2017/18	Direction of Improvement
17	PAM/015	The average number of calendar days taken to deliver a Disabled Facilities Grant.	228	232	224 11th	235	231	1
18	PSR/009a (Local)	The average number of calendar days taken to deliver a Disabled Facilities Grant for: Children and young people.	354	451		422	434	V
	_	number of calendar days taken to deliver Disabled Faciliti an increase in more complex adaptations completed during			and young pe	eople has incre	ased during this po	eriod. This is
19	PSR/009b (Local)	The average number of calendar days taken to deliver a Disabled Facilities Grant for: Adults.	220	219		223	220	↑

5. P	Planning a	nd Regulatory Services – Public Protectior	1					
No	PI Reference	PI Description	NPT Actual 2015/16	NPT Actual 2016/17	All Wales 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2017/18	Direction of Improvement
20	PPN/001ii (Local)	The percentage of high risk businesses that were liable to a programmed inspection that were inspected for Food Hygiene	100%	100%		76%	67% (225 of 335)	↓
	has used re	rement of 100% of this target is being sought by the enesources and held back the achievement of certain ot a priority for the service.					•	
21	PPN/001iii (Local)	The percentage of high risk businesses that were liable to a programmed inspection that were inspected for Animal Health	100%	100%		60%	50% (3 of 6)	↓
	risk premis	ty of animal health significant breaches have been reces being inspected as resources have been allocated nt of this PI by Q4.						
22	PPN/007i (Local)	The percentage of significant breaches that were rectified by intervention during the year for Trading Standards	73.5%	79.2%		69.6%	67.7% (21 of 31)	V
23	PAM/023 (formerly PPN/009)	The percentage of food establishments that meet food hygiene standards	92.7%	94.92%	95.16%	93.84%	95.61% (1068 of 1117)	↑

5. Planning and Regulatory Services – Public Protection (Cont.)

No	PI Reference	PI Description	NPT Actual 2015/16	NPT Actual 2016/17	All Wales 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2017/18	Direction of Improvement
24	PPN/008ii (Local)	The percentage of new businesses identified which were subject to a risk assessment visit or returned a self-assessment questionnaire during the year: Food Hygiene	92%	97%		90%	85% (88 of 104)	\
	other reactive	age of new businesses subject to a risk assessment visit for we work being distributed within the section due to a system res arising within the wider Environmental Health service d	review of t	he service a	nd the temp	orary secondm		
25	PPN/001i (Local)	The percentage of high risk businesses that were liable to a programmed inspection that were inspected for Trading Standards	100%	95.6%		69.6%	87.5% (14 of 16)	1
	with the instance a result of the	age of high risk businesses that have been inspected by Trapection programme is currently working to achieve its proanese inspections, reflecting the risk of the business. Two but by the end of the financial year.	ctive obligat	tions whilst	reactive den	nand is lower.	Some investigatio	ns have begun as
26	PPN/007ii (Local)	The percentage of significant breaches that were rectified by intervention during the year for Animal Health	100%	81.8%		60%	70% (7 of 10)	↑
	There are a financial ye	number of breaches that have yet to be rectified by the servar.	ice, they are	currently b	eing dealt w	ith. This figure	e will improve by	the end of the

6. E	conomic I	Development						
No	PI Reference	PI Description	NPT Actual 2015/16	NPT Actual 2016/17	All Wales 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2017/18	Direction of Improvement
27	L(ED) 2 (Local)	Number of new business start-up enquiries assisted through Business Services	271	341		222	186	\
	The number of people attending the Council's Enterprise Club, which provides advice and guidance on self-employment, was lower than anticipated during the first 3 months of the year. However, outputs have risen significantly enough throughout quarter 2 and 3 to anticipate that final outputs will be more in line with expectations to achieve targets set for 2017/18.							
28	L(ED) 1 (Local) Number of jobs created as a result of financial support by the Local Authority. Number of jobs created as a result of financial support by the Local Authority. 184 131 85 64							
	The Team is currently working on a number of funding applications from local businesses to support investments in areas such as capital equipment, website development, accreditations, training and general marketing activities. It is anticipated therefore, that performance will increase significantly by the end of the financial year and targets set for 2017/18 will be achieved.							

29	L(ED) 3 (Local)	Number of business enquiries resulting in advice, information or financial support being given to existing companies through Business Services.	584	628	367	396	↑

7. Corporate Health – Asset Management

No	PI Reference	PI Description	NPT Actual 2015/16	NPT Actual 2016/17	All Wales 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2016/17	NPT Quarter 3 2017/18	Direction of Improvement
30	CAM/001ai (Local)	The percentage of the gross internal area of the local authority's buildings in condition categories: A – Good	7.68%	15.02%				1
31	CAM/001aiii (Local)	The percentage of the gross internal area of the local authority's buildings in condition categories: C – Poor	38.22%	32.26%		Reported Annually		I
32	CAM/001bii (Local)	The percentage of the total value of required maintenance for the local authority's buildings assigned to works of priority level: 2 – Essential work	50.76%	50.03%				I
33	CAM/001 biii (Local)	The percentage of the total value of required maintenance for the local authority's buildings assigned to works of priority level: 3 – Desirable work	27.29%	30.53%				I
34	CAM/001aii (local)	The percentage of the gross internal area of the local authority's buildings in condition categories: B – Satisfactory	43.33%					I
35	CAM/001aiv (Local)	The percentage of the gross internal area of the local authority's buildings in condition categories: D – Bad	11.27%	9.39%				ı
36	CAM/037 (Local)	The percentage change in the average Display Energy Certificate (DEC) score within local authority public buildings over 1,000 square metres.	4.4%	2.8%	1.9% 11th	Reported Annually		I
37	CAM//001bi (Local)	The percentage of the total value of required maintenance for the local authority's buildings assigned to works of priority level: 1 – Urgent work	21.95%	19.44%				_

Section 3: Compliments and Complaints

2017/2018 – Quarter 3 (1st April 2017 – 31st Dec 2017) – Cumulative Data for Regeneration & Sustainable Development Board

	Performance Key
↑	Improvement : Reduction in Complaints/ Increase in Compliments
\leftrightarrow	No change in the number of Complaints/Compliments
V	Increase in Complaints but within 5% / Reduction in Compliments but within 5% of previous year.
\downarrow	Increase in Complaints by 5% or more / Reduction in Compliments by 5% or more of previous year.

No	PI Description	Full Year 2015/16	Full Year 2016/17	Quarter 3 2016/17	Quarter 3 2017/18	Direction of Improvement
1	Total Complaints - Stage 1	3	6	3	4	\
	a - Complaints - Stage 1 upheld	0	0	0	0	
	b -Complaints - Stage 1 not upheld	3	5	2	4	
	c -Complaints - Stage 1 partially upheld	0	1	1	0	

No	PI Description	Full Year 2015/16	Full Year 2016/17	Quarter 3 2016/17	Quarter 3 2017/18	Direction of Improvement
2	Total Complaints - Stage 2	15	7	4	4	\leftrightarrow
	a - Complaints - Stage 2 upheld	0	0	0	0	
	b - Complaints - Stage 2 not upheld	15	7	4	4	
	c- Complaints - Stage 2 partially upheld	0	0	0	0	
3	Total - Ombudsman investigations	0	1	1	2	\downarrow
	a - Complaints - Ombudsman investigations upheld	0	0	0	0	
	b - Complaints - Ombudsman investigations not upheld	0	1	1	2	
4	Number of Compliments	5	10	4	6	<u> </u>

Complaints – No Stage 1 complaints were recorded this quarter however four Stage 2 complaints were recorded this quarter as was the same last year.

Compliments – No compliments were recorded in quarter 3 of this year.

Welsh Language – No Welsh Language complaints were recorded in quarter 3 of this year.